



Mongolia, 2015

Global Vaccine Action Plan (GVAP) and Regional framework indicators

Polio-free status sustained	Yes	At least one dose of IPV introduced by end of 2015	No
Country achieved MNT elimination	Yes	Increasing trend in domestic expenditure since 2010	Yes
Country verified for measles elimination	Yes	NITAG established (with administrative/legal basis only)	Yes
Seroprevalence of chronic hepatitis B infection (HBsAg) reduced to < 1% in 5 year olds by 2017	Yes	Functional NITAG (legal basis, TORs, ≥ 5 areas of expertise, ≥ 1 meeting per year, agenda and background docs, disclosure of conflict of interest)	Yes
At least one new or underutilized vaccine introduced since 2010*	Yes (HepA)	JE vaccine introduced in JE risk areas	Not applicable
DTP3 national immunization coverage ≥ 95% by 2020	99.3%	Primary series JE vaccine ≥ 90% coverage among children under 15 years old	Not applicable
DTP3 coverage ≥ 90% in at least 90% of districts (proportion of districts with ≥ 90% coverage)	Yes (99.1%)	Case-based surveillance for invasive bacterial vaccine-preventable disease	Yes
Sustained DTP3 coverage ≥ 95% for three or more years	Yes	Case-based surveillance for rotavirus disease	Yes
DTP dropout rate < 5%	-0.1%	Rubella and CRS case-based data submitted to WPRO	Rubella only

* New or underutilized vaccines include Hib, HPV, PCV and RV. IPV and JE are not counted. Otherwise, "Yes (specified)" is indicated to account for other vaccines.

Population		
	JRF	UN*
Total	3 129 495	2 959 134
Births	81 715	69 072
NIP target < 1 year (surviving infants)	79 647	68 055
Source of data for NIP target	Registered population	

* United Nations World Population Prospects: The 2015 Revision

Finance	
Gross national income per capita* (US \$)	\$ 3830
Line item in budget for vaccines	No
% of vaccines in routine immunization funded by government	99%
% of routine immunization - funded by government	98%
Eligible for GAVI support	Yes (self financing)

* World Bank Open Data

Reported cases of selected vaccine preventable diseases

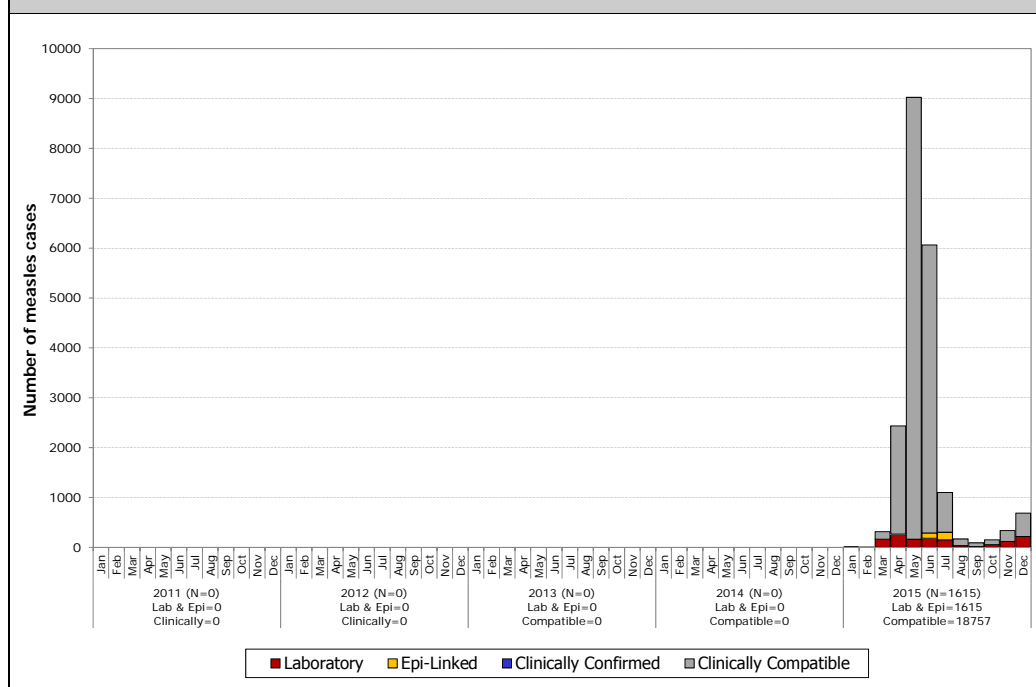
Year	Acute flaccid paralysis (AFP)		Measles		Rubella		Congenital rubella syndrome (CRS)		Neonatal tetanus		Total tetanus		Diphtheria		Pertussis	
	Non-polio AFP rate	% adequate specimens	Cases	IR	Cases	IR	Cases	IR	Cases	IR	Cases	IR	Cases	IR	Cases	IR
2011	1.4	100%	0	0.0	13	4.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2012	1.3	100%	0	0.0	240	84.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2013	1.0	86%	0	0.0	8	2.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2014	1.1	89%	0	0.0	1	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2015	1.0	100%	20 359	6880.1	28	9.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0

Non-polio AFP rate = incidence per 100 000 under 15 years; % adequate specimens = % of AFP cases with 2 specimens within 14 days of paralysis onset
 IR = incidence rate: for measles and rubella, per 1 000 000 population; for CRS and neonatal tetanus, per 1000 live births; for all others, per 100 000 population. Total tetanus includes neonatal tetanus cases.
 Population source: United Nations World Population Prospects

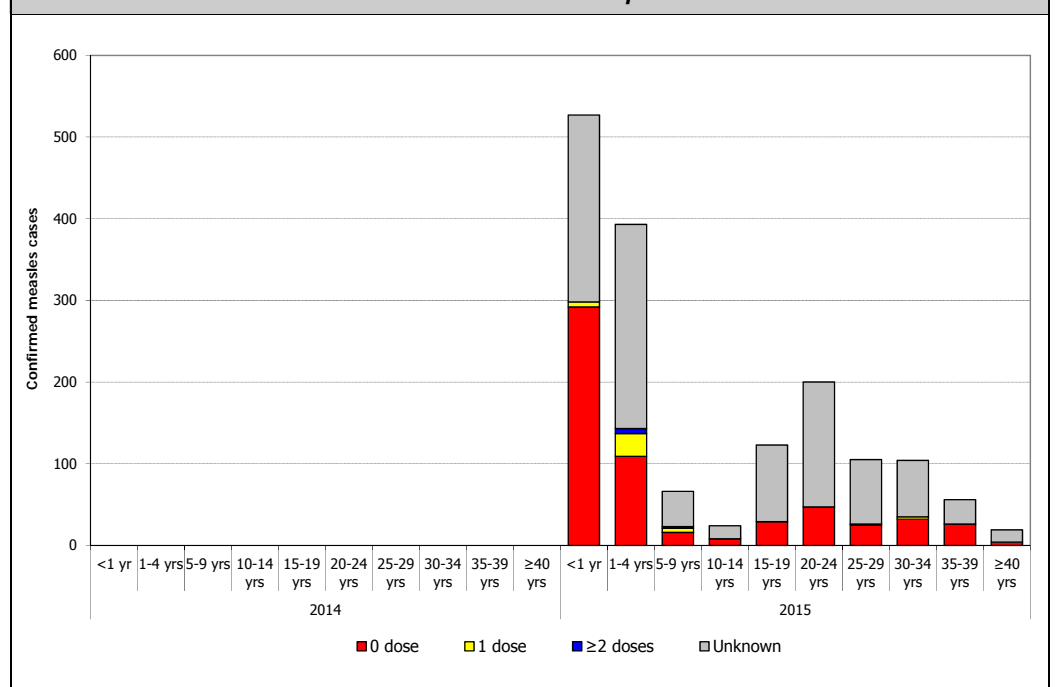
Invasive bacterial disease, rotavirus and japanese encephalitis

Year	Rotavirus diarrhea		Japanese encephalitis		Bacterial meningitis		Bacterial pneumonia	
	Surveillance system type	Confirmed cases	Surveillance system type	Confirmed cases	Surveillance system type	Confirmed cases	Surveillance system type	Confirmed cases
2013	Sentinel (2 sites)		None		Sentinel (6 sites)	Pneumo - 1 Meningo - 6	Sentinel (6 sites)	Pneumo - 8
2014	Sentinel (2 sites)	351	None		Sentinel (8 sites)	Pneumo - 1 Meningo - 6	Sentinel (8 sites)	Pneumo - 8
2015	Sentinel (2 sites)	336			Sentinel (8 sites)	Pneumo - 4 Meningo - 3	Sentinel (8 sites)	Pneumo - 9

Confirmed measles cases by month of onset 2011–2015



Confirmed measles cases by age group and vaccination status, 2014–2015





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Immunization schedule					
BCG	B	DTP-Hib-HepB	M2, M3, M4	OPV	B, M2, M3, M4
HepB	B	Td	Y7, Y15		
MMR	M9, Y2	HepA	M14, Y2		

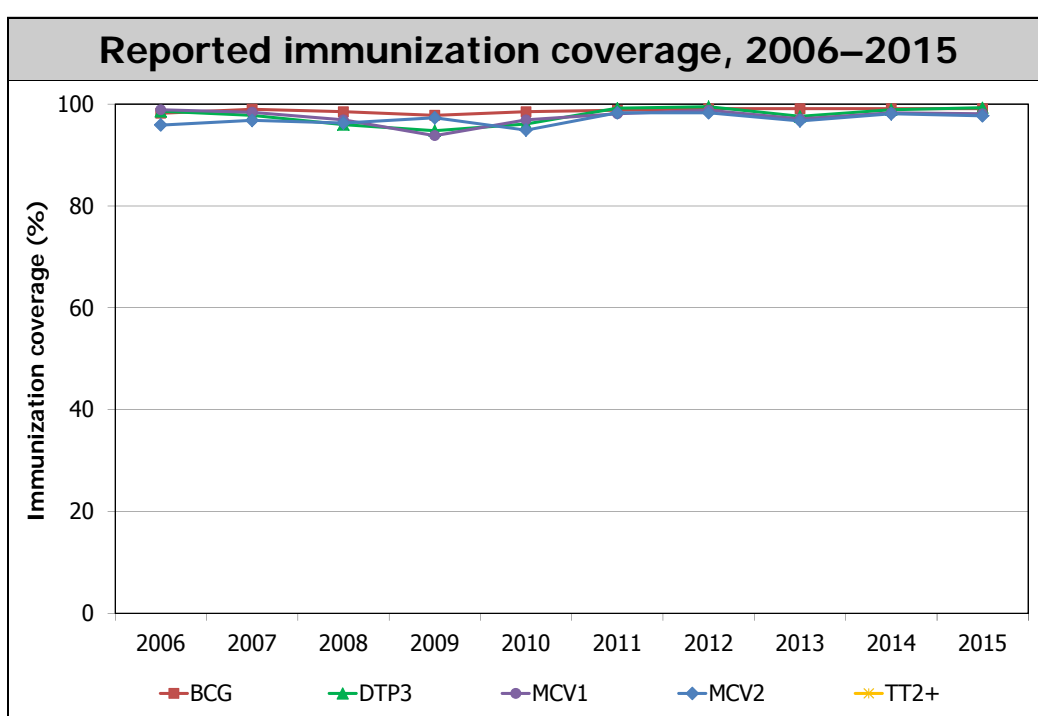
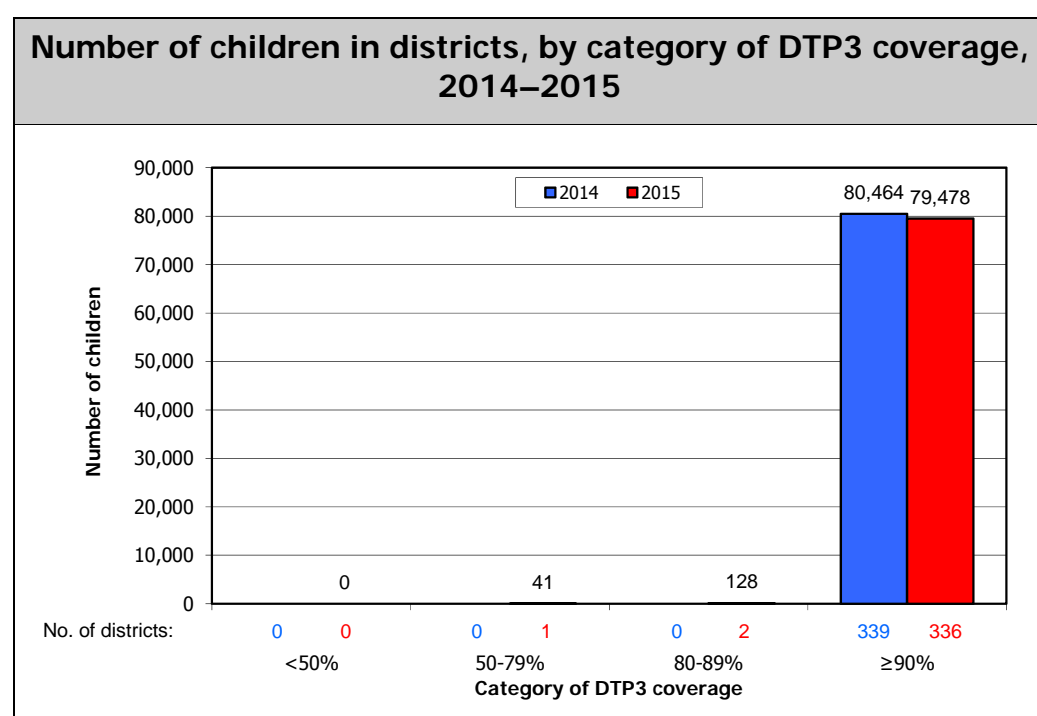
B=birth, W=week, M=month, Y=year

Planning	
Multi-year plan (MYP)	Yes (2011-2015)
Annual workplan for immunization activities	Yes
Updated wild poliovirus importation and cVDPV response plan	Yes

NIP priority needs	
1.	To investigate on establishing electronic immunization registry that is interoperable with existing health information software
2.	To introduce new vaccines such as PCV pilot introduction, polio switch nationwide introduction
3.	To develop a national communication plan towards immunization based on vaccine hesitancy survey

Safe immunization	
% districts using auto-disable syringes	100%
System to monitor AEFI	Yes
Number of AEFI	38
Injection safety policy implemented	Yes
Disposal methods	Incineration, Open burning, Burial
Injection safety review	No

Delivery of immunization services	
% of population served by outreach	10%
No. (%) of districts with DTP3 coverage < 80%	1 (0%)
No. (%) of districts with DTP3 coverage ≥ 90%	336 (99%)
No. (%) of districts with MCV1 coverage < 80%	0 (0%)
No. (%) of districts with MCV1 coverage ≥ 90%	328 (97%)
No. (%) of districts with DTP drop-out > 10%	0 (0%)
No. (%) of districts with DTP1–MCV1 drop-out > 10%	0 (0%)



School-based immunization	
Is there a school entry requirement?	No
If no, do schools check immunization status at enrolment?	No
What vaccines are required/checked?	
At what school level/year?	
Is routine vaccination given at school?	Yes
Which vaccination?	Td
If yes, is this part of a comprehensive school-health program that delivers other health interventions?	No

Surveys		
	Coverage survey	Serosurvey
Most recent (year)	2013	
Type	Combination of separately conducted surveys namely DHS, RHS, MICS	
Geographical representativeness	National	
Result	All vaccine coverage among children aged 12-23 months was 78.1%	

Measles and rubella elimination			
Confirmed measles case rate* (per 1 million population)	574.1	Year of MCV1 introduction	1973
Confirmed rubella case rate* (per 1 million population)	9.8	Year of MCV2 introduction	1989
Discarded as non-measles rate* (Target: ≥ 2 per 100 000 population)	52.9	Year of RCV introduction	2009
% suspected cases with adequate specimens* (Target: ≥ 80%)	13.6%	Surveillance conducted for CRS	No
Import-related measles cases*	1638	Antigens, year and target population of last SIA	M - 2015 (6 mos-5 yrs)
Measles cases with unknown source of infection*	1	Number vaccinated (SIA coverage)	347 685 (94.5%)

* Data from measles monthly country reports to WHO

Hepatitis B control			
Year HepB3 vaccine introduced nationwide	1991	Systems to deliver HepB vaccine birth dose	Hospitals, health centers, home
Year HepB birth dose introduced		HBsAg results assessed for blood donors	Yes
HepB birth dose (within 24 hours) coverage	96.8%	Policy for screening of pregnant women	Yes
HepB birth dose (within and after 24 hours) coverage	99.2%	Policy to vaccinate health care workers	Yes